Habitat Cards

Make enough copies so each chair has one, be sure there is an even mix of habitats.

Mudflats	Sandy beaches
Saline lakes	Rocky coastal areas
Saltmarsh	Tundra
Grasslands	Agricultural fields

Environmental Event Cards

A town has 300 acres of undeveloped grassland. It is replaced by a shopping mall and office complex.	A coastal community sells 50 miles of beachfront property to a local developer who builds homes, a strip mall, and a hotel complex.
An oil spill off the Atlantic Coast near Delaware Bay threatens migrating shorebirds that feed there.	An unusually heavy rainy season causes streams to flood lowland fields.
A hurricane blows away sand dunes where Snowy Plovers are nesting.	A drought threatens to dry out local freshwater wetlands.
Silt barrier fences are not installed at a new construction project. Rain carries loose soil into a nearby wetland.	Tanks of toxic chemicals buried in a field eventually leak into the soil of a nearby wetland.

Environmental Event Cards

A once restricted area of beach is opened	
up to public recreation. Personal watercraft vehicles (For example Jet Skis.) now scare away nesting and feeding shorebirds.	A farmer cuts hay in a field where shorebirds are nesting.
Agricultural chemicals are carried by runoff into a nearby wetland.	Because of habitat loss from disturbance, pollution, and development, migrating shorebirds have not been able to stop at their traditional stopover sites. They do not have enough energy to continue their migration to the Arctic to breed.
Create your own	Create your own
Create your own	Create your own

Environmental Stewardship

A town has 300 acres of undeveloped A coastal community sells 50 miles of grassland. Of that, 200 acres will be used beachfront property to a local developer for a mall. The remaining 100 acres will be for building homes, a mall, and a hotel. The set aside as a preserve for local wildlife developer also plans to work with biologists that includes an outdoor learning and to protect important beach habitat by landscaping with native plants. research area. Tanks of toxic chemicals buried in a A federal law is passed that requires all oil field are removed by the Environmental Protection Agency. The company that tankers to be double-hulled to help prevent hull punctures that result in oil spills. buried the chemicals is paying to restore the land and the wetland. Silt barrier fences are installed at a new Through water management projects, construction project. The silt barrier stops the local National Wildlife Refuge is able to provide water for the wetland so that rain from carrying loose soil into a nearby shorebirds can use the habitat. wetland. Biologists plant native grasses to stabilize An unusually heavy rainy season causes beach dunes, preventing them from blowing streams to flood lowland fields. Shorebirds away. Though some natural damage still are able to find other nearby habitat to feed occurs from a hurricane, Snowy Plovers and rest. and the dunes survive.

Environmental Stewardship

A once restricted area of beach is opened up to public recreation. However, boats and skiers stay 200 feet away from the beach and use provided ramps for access.	When applying agricultural chemicals, a landowner follows the directions on the label to keep chemicals 100 feet away from wetlands. He also applies only during the recommended weather conditions. As a result, there are not pollutants in the wetland.
A farmer cuts hay in a field after the shorebirds finish nesting in mid-July.	Important stopover habitat is protected by national and state wildlife refuges and parks. Shorebirds have enough energy to complete their journey to the Arctic and breed successfully.
Create your own	Create your own
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